Statement-II

Details of Funds Released under DPAP Programme

(as on 15.03.2005)

(Rupees in lakhs)

Sl. No.	State	Year 2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
1.	Andhra Pradesh	4854.99	4937.40	4008.315
2.	Bihar	249.75	323.06	311.205
3.	Chhattisgarh	1599.62	1329.11	1550.754
4.	Gujarat	3273.13	3363.14	2525.98
5.	Himachal Pradesh	370.81	529.66	424.975
6.	Jammu & Kashmir	222.75	422.19	222.750
7.	Jharkhand	553.50	1212.34	1065.02
8.	Karnataka	2265.04	3215.77	2503.363
9.	Madhya Pradesh	4721.01	5021.66	5287.907
10.	Maharashtra	1294.62	1484.30	3486.260
11.	Orissa	901.10	1045.92	1141.620
12.	Rajasthan	1430.93	1979.36	1573.775
13.	Tamil Nadu	1059.53	2401.60	2816.935
14.	Uttar Pradesh	1717.85	1498.13	1456.685
15.	Uttaranchal	376.37	473.36	1126.485
16.	West Bengal	108.00	243.00	243.00
	Total	24999.00	29480.00	29745.029
Other releases		1.00	20.00	-
GRAND TOTAL:		25000.00	29500.00	29745.029

Role of MPs under PMGSY

†2459. SHRI DILIP SINGH JUDEV: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the district-wise amount and length of roads sanctioned and cost thereof to Chhattisgarh till 31st January, 2005 under the Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(b) the role of Members of Parliament of the respective constituency fixed for the sanctioned roads under the scheme; and

(c) the details of the Members of Parliament of State invited to give their advice for this purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL): (a) District-wise amount and length of roads sanctioned and cost thereof in Chhattisgarh till 31st January, 2005 is as under:—

Sl.No.	Name of the District	Length (in km.)	Cost (Rs. in crores)
1.	Bastar	609.61	111.44
2.	Bilaspur	550.93	91.90
3.	Dantewada	348.35	61.16
4.	Dhamtari	280.93	46.95
5.	Durg	471.81	81.65
6.	Janjgir-Champa	299.29	53.99
7.	Jashpur	268.72	50.76
8.	Kanker	257.74	51.30
9.	Kawardha	387.95	69.22
10.	Korba	384.21	79.82
11.	Koria	400.26	77.03
12.	Mahasamund	266.55	45.03
13.	Raigarh	436.42	82.01
14.	Raipur	642.88	118.18
15.	Rajnandgaon	448.71	62.46
16.	Sarguja	514.21	99.55
	TOTAL:	6568.03	1182.46

(b) and (c) As per PMGSY Guidelines Members of Parliament may send their proposals to the District Panchayat as per prescribed consultative process. District Panchayats are required to give full consideration to all such proposals. It is expected that such proposals of Members of Parliament which adhere to the Order of Priority would be invariably accepted subject to considerations of equitable allocation of funds. While Lok Sabha Members will be consulted in respect of their constituencies, Rajya Sabha Members will be consulted in respect of that District of the State they

represent for which they have been nominated as Vice-Chairman of the District Vigilance and Monitoring Committee of the Ministry of Rural Development. The consultation process is operationalised at the State and District Panchayat levels and details are not available at the Central level.

Survey for identifying BPL families

2460. PROF. M.M. AGARWAL: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government has conducted any State-wise survey to identify facilities available to Below Poverty Line families in the country;

(b) if so, the State-wise details thereof; and

(c) the details of essential facilities being provided by Government to BPL families in different States?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL): (a) to (c) The Ministry of Rural Development have not conducted any State-wise survey to identify facilities available to Below Poverty Line families in the country. However, the Ministry provides assistance to the States/UTs to conduct a BPL Census to identify the BPL families in the rural areas who could be provided assistance under different programmes of the Ministry. The Ministry is implementing two major poverty alleviation programmes namely, Sampoorna Grameen Rozgar Yojana (SGRY) to provide wage-employment, Swarnjayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY) to provide self-employment through bank credit and subsidy. The Government has also recently launched a National Food For Work Programme (NFFWP) in 150 most backward districts in the country with the objective to provide additional employment opportunities to the rural poor. Under Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY) the rural poor are provided assistance to built houses. In addition, the Ministry is also implementing Rural Drinking Water Supply and Rural Sanitation Schemes to improve the quality of life of the rural poor. Under the Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY) roads are constructed to improve the rural connectivity.

Patent of Banarasi Sarees

†2461. SHRI KALRAJ MISHRA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.